Culinary Arts Foundations: Week 3

Day 1: Threshold/Scavenger Hunt

- Objective: Become familiar with the location of materials and equipment located in the Threshold. Identify terms and definitions used with safety and HACCP.
- Starter #8: List the 8 critical control points in The Flow of Food.
- Assignment:
 - Threshold Tour Scavenger Hunt
 - Ch. 7 &8 Crossword Puzzle

Classes will be spilt in 2 groups. As one group does the tour and scavenger hunt the second group will continue work on the crossword puzzle.

Day 2: Threshold/ Scavenger Hunt

- <u>Objective</u>: Become familiar with the location of materials and equipment located in the Threshold. Identify terms and definitions used with safety and HACCP.
- Starter #9: "Battle Against Bacteria" pg. 186 What was Pasteur the first to do? How did his work affect the food industry?
- Assignment: Same as day 1: switch groups.

Day 3: Review Ch.7 Safety and Sanitation Principles & Ch.8 HACCP Applications

- Objective: Review information in Ch. 7 and Ch.8 to prepare for test.
- Starter #10: In the HACCP System you should develop a record keeping system that identifies what 3 things? Pg. 183 Fig. 8-7

Collect Starter Paper

- Assignment:
 - Folder Check: Students will organize assignments and put in order with table of contents
 - Bingo Review: Play bingo to identify terms used in chapter and prepare for test.

Day 4: TEST

- Objective: Evaluate knowledge of safety and sanitation principles and HACCP applications.
- No Starter
- Assignment:
 - Test Ch. 7 and 8

Day 5: Start Ch. 10 Knives & Smallwares/ Ch. 13 Using Standardized Recipes

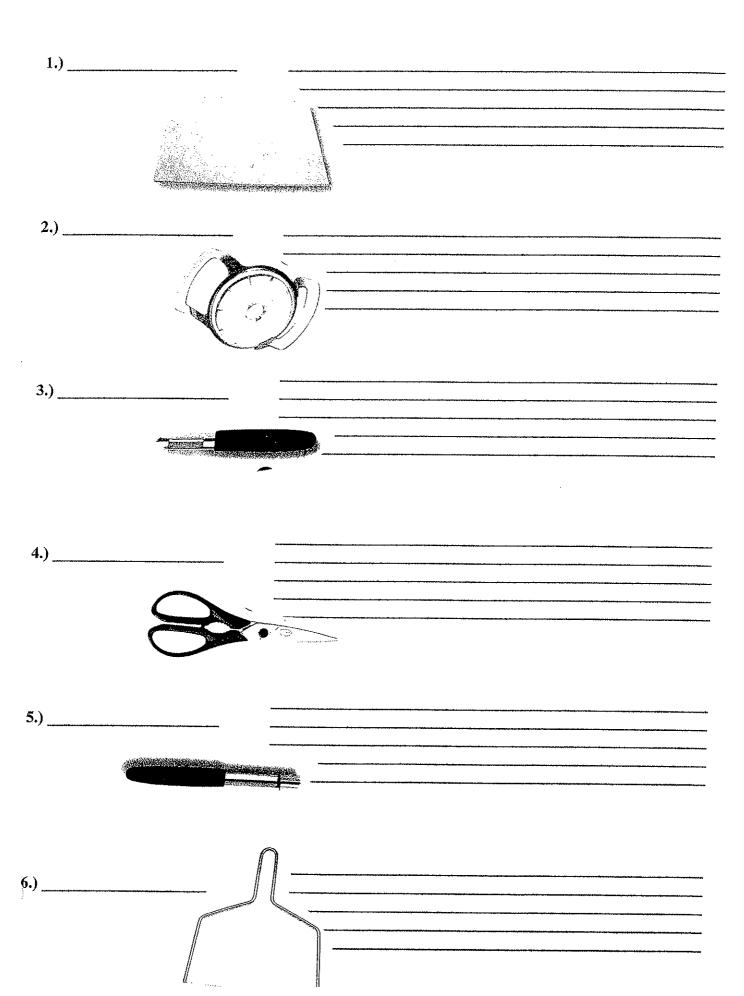
- Objective: Become familiar with the different types of small equipment and knives used in the Threshold.
- <u>Starter #1</u>: "The Cutting Edge" pg. 237: What were the first knives made of? What are knives made from today?
- Assignment: Equipment Identification

Working in groups students will move from station to station identify the name of the equipment and its use and record it in their worksheet.

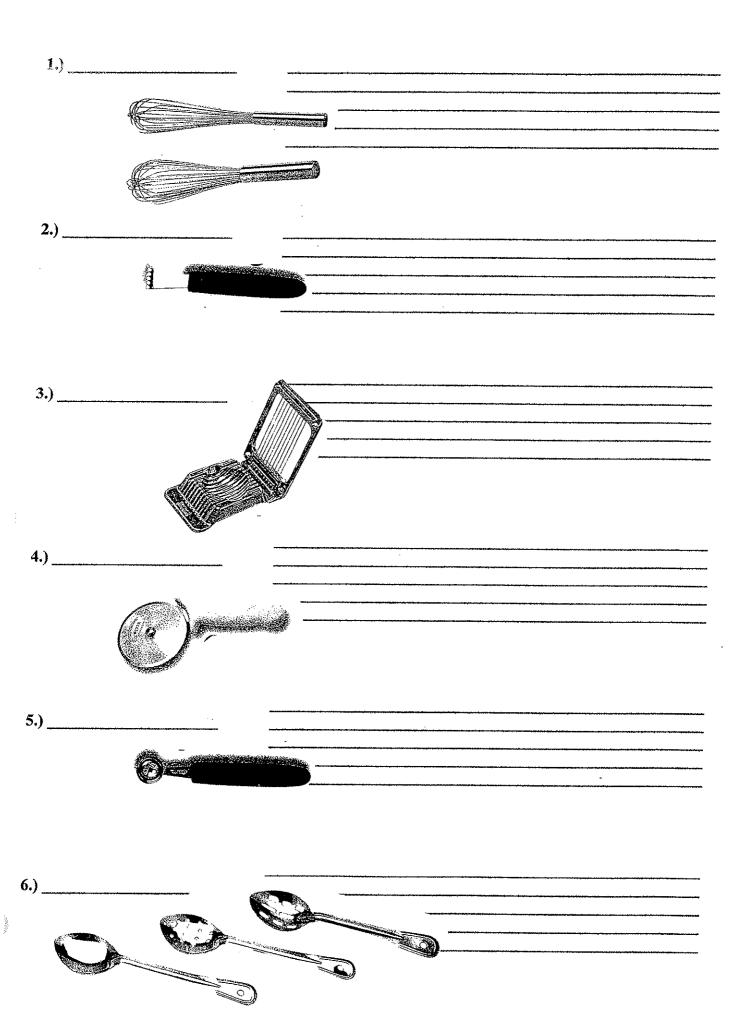
Name		Date	Period
	TEST: Ch.7 Safety & Sanitation Principles Ch.8 HACCP Applications		
<u>1'rue/False:</u> For each statement ind	icate whether it is True/False by placin	g a T/F in the	e space to the left.
	ty and Health Administration, enforces		
2.) You should always remove	your apron when you leave the food p	reparation a	ea.
3.) There is no need to wash y	our hands when wearing gloves.		
4.) Smoke detectors are the mooperations.	ost common type of fire protection equ	ipment used i	n foodservice
5.) You should use the Heimlic	h maneuver on pregnant woman.		
6.) The most common mode of	cross contamination is people.		
7.) When washing hands make	sure you do so for 10 seconds.		
8.) Hand sanitizers work just a	s effectively as hand washing.		
9.) Improperly cooled food is the	e most common cause of all reported f	oodborne illn	ess.
10.) The HACCP system was or space.	riginally designed for astronauts to ens	ure food safe	ty in outer
Multiple Choice: Place the letter of the	e answer that best completes the staten	nent in the bl	ank to the left.
11.) The requires for	odservice operations to track how they	handle and	dispose of
hazardous materials.	A 9 A A		
C. Economy Protection	c Administration B. Environmental Pa Agency D. Environmental Pa	rotection Age cople Agency	ncy
12.) All of the following are true	of shoes used in foodservice establishn		
A. closed-toe B. s	lip resistant	пентя, ехсерт.	••
	oft top		
13.) Which class of fire extinguis	hers is used on wood, paper, cloth and	nloctic?	
A. Class A B. (Class B	prastic;	
and the second s	Class D		
14.) What is your best course of a	action when it comes to fire?		
A. fire extinguisher	B. smoke detector		
C. precaution	D. sprinkler system		
15.) Emergency care that is perfo	rmed on people who are unresponsive	is called	
A. Heimlich maneuver	B. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation	as chiacult.	
C. CPR	D. Both B and C		

A. holding point	A. holding point B. minimum internal temperature C. critical control point D. hazard	
17.) The temperature of dry s	torage should be	
	3. 50-70°F	
C. 40-70°F	O. 60-80°F	
Matching: Match the term in the let and place the letter in the blank to the	ft hand column with the best description from the right hand column ne left.	
18.) Sanitary	A. Responsible for many food related illnesses. Need a host, or another living cell to grow.	
19.) Contaminated	B. Process in which food is prepared ahead of time and kept warm until someone orders.	
20.) Direct Contamination	C. Harmful organisms or substances.	
21.) Cross Contamination	D. Clean.	
22.) Toxins	E. The system of rotating stock in which items that are stored first are used first.	
23.) Bacteria	F. Food that contains harmful microorganism of substances.	
25.) Viruses	G. Caused by the movement of chemicals or microorganisms from one place to another.	
26.) Parasites	H. Microorganisms, such as protozoa, roundworms, and flatworms that live in or on a host to survive.	
27.) Fungi	I. Occurs when raw foods, or the plants or animals from which they come are exposed to toxins.	
28. FIFO	J. Tiny single-celled microorganisms that can make people very sick if they find their way into food.	
29.) Holding	K. Microorganisms found in soil, plants, animals, water and in the air.	
Fill-in: Fill in the questions or statem	ents with the appropriate response.	
 30-31.) List two situations when you sl When they become soiled or to 	rn.	
32) HACCP stands for:		
33) The first stan of HACCP is to	and bazards	

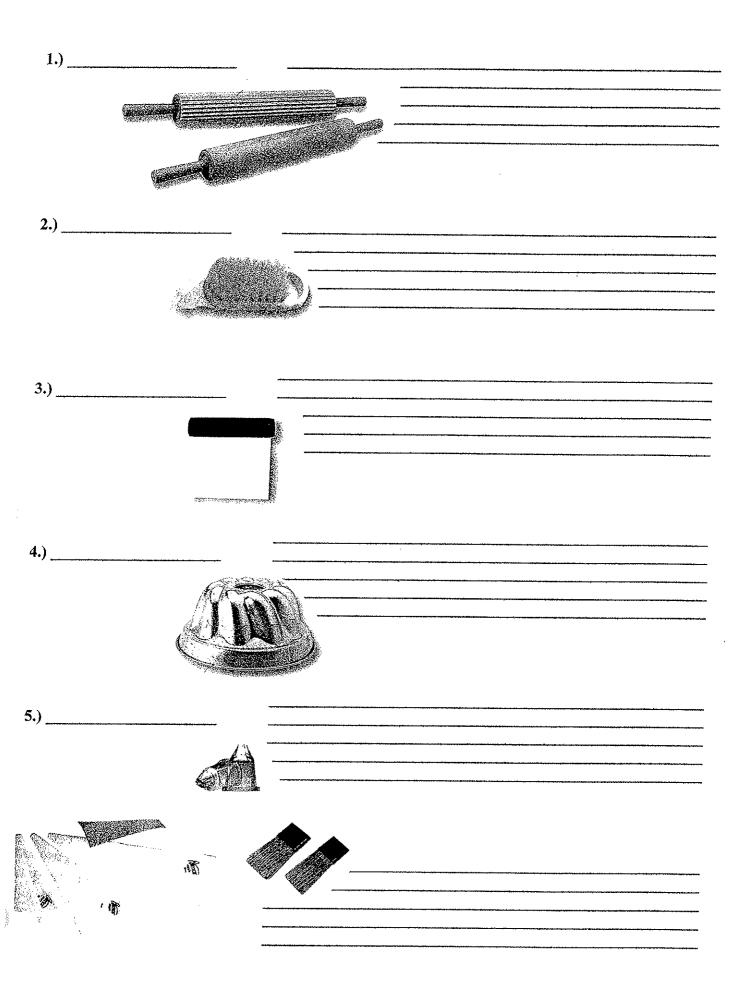
34.) The temperature dange	er zone, where bacteria multiply rapidly, is from to°F.
	storing food what are 2 potential problem areas.
	ny inches should the food be stored away from the walls and the floor?
3840.) When holding food temperature you need to reh	it needs to be kept at°F. If the temperature drops below this leat the food to°F for seconds.
41.) When cooking food mak the lowest temperature	at which foods can be safely cooked.
42.) List one guideline you sł	nould follow when serving food safely.
43.) The FDA recommends a cooling the food down below	two-stage method for cooling food safely. The SECOND stage involves °F in hours. Match the description in the right hand column with the correct Foodborns
44.) E-Coli	A. Bacteria-Foods involved poultry and poultry products.
45.) Norwalk	B. Bacteria-Foods involved, raw ground beef or food from contaminated water.
46.) Salmonellosis	C. Virus-Foods involved, water and raw vegetables.
47.) Hepatitis A	D. Bacteria-Foods involved, protein salads and milk products.
48.) Shigellosis	E. Virus- Foods involved, water and ice. Causes inflammation of the liver. Can be prevented
Extra Credit	
1.) What is the best ingredi	ent to put on a grease fire? WHY?
2.) What did Louis Pasteur	do?
3.) List the seven steps in th	e Flow of Food.

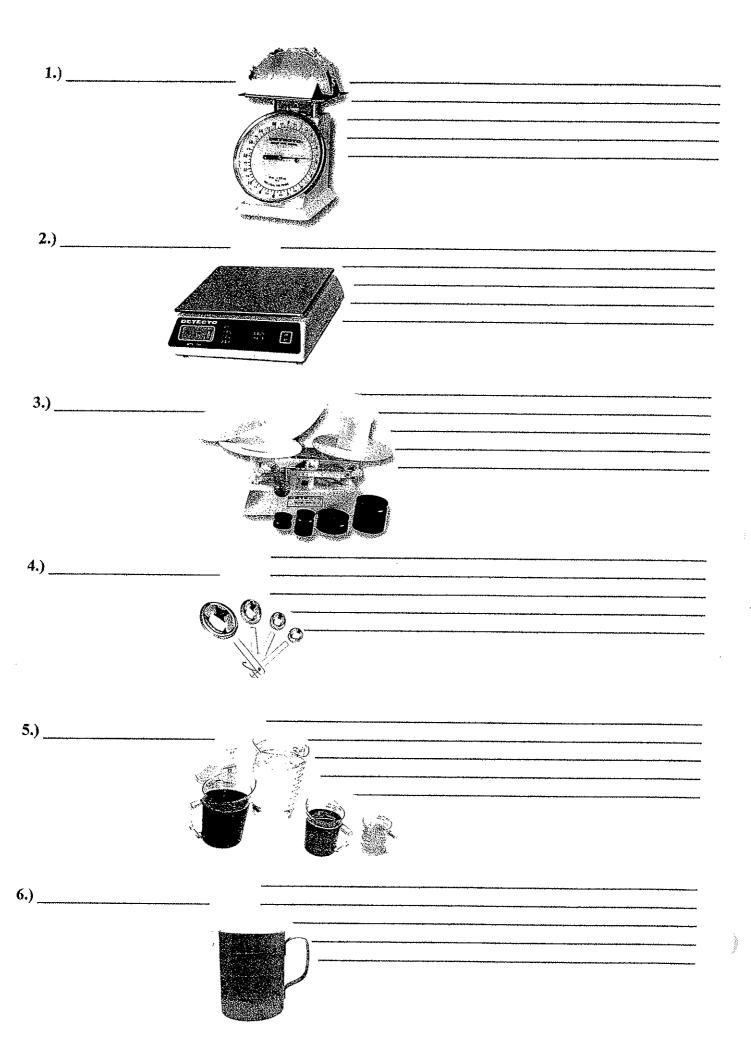


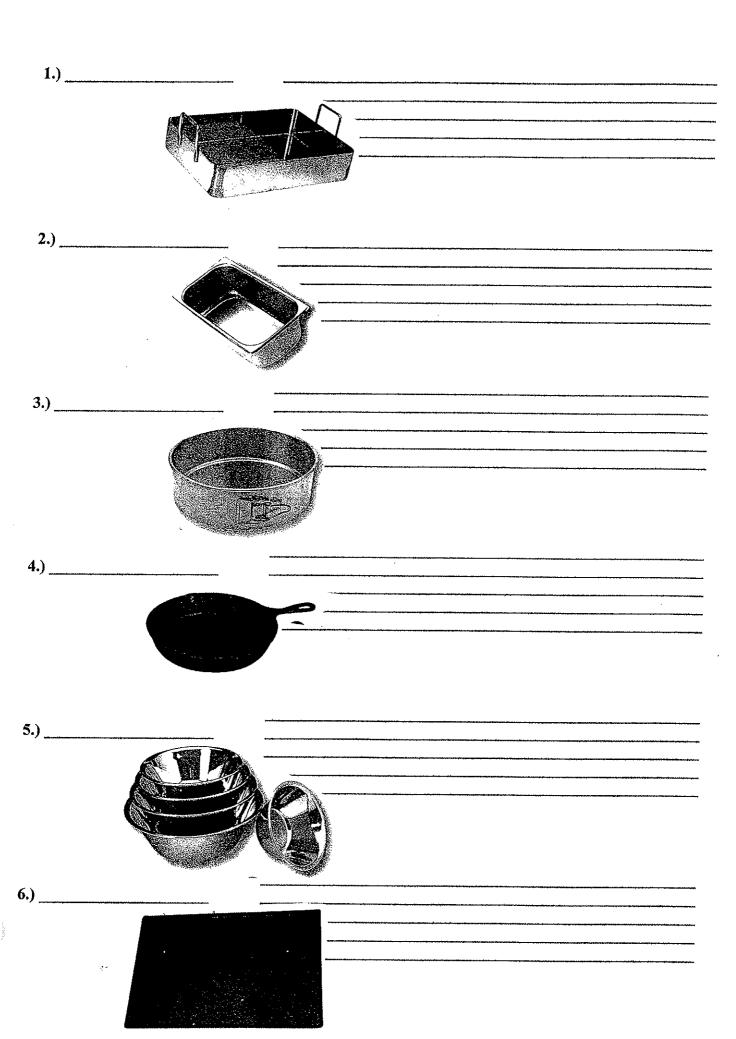
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